The notice also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the question whether the proposal complies with the standards of section 4 of the BHC Act.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than July 21, 1998.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63102-2034:

1. National City Bancshares, Inc., Evansville, Indiana; to acquire Princeton Federal Bank, FSB, Princeton, Kentucky, and thereby engage in the activities of operating a thrift, pursuant to § 225.28(b)(4) of Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, July 1, 1998.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 98-17946 Filed 7-6-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

TIME AND DATE: 11:00 a.m., Monday, July 13, 1998.

PLACE: Marriner S. Eccles Federal Reserve Board Building, 20th and C Streets, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20551. STATUS: Closed.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

- 1. Personnel actions (appointments, promotions, assignments, reassignments, and salary actions) involving individual Federal Reserve System employees.
- 2. Any items carried forward from a previously announced meeting.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Lynn S. Fox, Assistant to the Board; 202-452-3204.

supplementary information: You may call 202–452–3206 beginning at approximately 5 p.m. two business days before the meeting for a recorded announcement of bank and bank holding company applications scheduled for the meeting; or you may contact the Board's Web site at http://www.bog.frb.fed.us for an electronic announcement that not only lists applications, but also indicates procedural and other information about the meeting.

Dated: July 2, 1998.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 98–18142 Filed 7–2–98; 3:42 pm] BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[File No. 981-0173]

Global Industrial Technologies, Inc.; Analysis to Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Proposed consent agreement.

SUMMARY: The consent agreement in this matter settles alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices or unfair methods of competition. The attached Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes both the allegations in the draft complaint that accompanies the consent agreement and the terms of the consent order—embodied in the consent agreement—that would settle these allegations.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before September 8, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, Room 159, 6th St. and Pa. Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joseph Krauss, FTC/H–383, Washington, D.C. 20580. (202) 326–2713.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pusuant to Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 38 Stat. 721, 15 U.S.C. 46 and Section 2.34 of the Commission's Rules of Practice (16 CFR 2.34), notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of sixty (60) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement, and the allegations in the complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the FTC Home Page (for June 26, 1998), on the World Wide Web, at "http:// www.ftc.gov/os/actions97.htm." A paper copy can be obtained from the FTC Public Reference Room, Room H-130, Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20580, either in person or by calling (202)326-3627. Public comment is invited. Such commenters or views will be considered by the Commission and will be available for inspection and copying at its

principal office in accordance with Section 4.9(b)(6)(ii) of the Commission's Rules of Practice (16 CFR 4.9(b)(6)(ii)).

Analysis of Proposed Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has accepted, subject to final approval, an Agreement Containing Consent Order ("Agreement") from Global Industrial Technologies, Inc. ("proposed respondent").

The proposed Order has been placed on the public record for sixty (60) days for reception of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After sixty (60) days, the Commission will again review the Agreement and the comments received and will decide whether it should withdraw from the Agreement or make final the Agreement's proposed Order.

The Commission's investigation of this matter concerns the proposed acquisition by Global of all of the outstanding shares of AP Green Industries, Inc. ("AP Green") through a cash tender offer. Global and AP Green are two leading U.S. manufacturers of refractories. Refractories are heatresistant materials used to line furnaces in industries that involve the heating or containment of solids, liquids, or gases at high temperatures. The Commission's proposed complaint alleges that Global and AP Green compete with each other in the United States market for glassfurnace silica refractories. Glass-furnace silica refractories are used in the glass industry to build the roofs and other portions of glass-melting furnaces.

The Agreement Containing Consent Order would, if finally accepted by the Commission, settle charges that the acquisition may substantially lessen competition in the production and sale of glass-furnace silica refractories in the United States and lead to a monopoly in that line of commerce. The Commission has reason to believe that the acquisition agreement violates Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act and the acquisition would have anticompetitive effects and would violate Section 7 of the Clayton Act and Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act if consummated. unless an effective remedy eliminates such anticompetitive effects.

The Commission's Complaint alleges that glass-furnace silica refractories provide unique characteristics, and that as a result, the use of these materials would not be diminished by even a large price increase. The Complaint further alleges that imports of glass-furnace silica refractories are small.